

VZCZCXYZ0024
RR RUEHWEB

DE RUEHWN #0356 0551702
ZNR UUUUU ZZH
R 241702Z FEB 06
FM AMEMBASSY BRIDGETOWN
TO SECSTATE WASHDC 1972

UNCLAS BRIDGETOWN 000356

SIPDIS

ASST SEC/PSP RRB03-083
SECUR SPECLST SEC/PSP

SIPDIS

AIDAC

E.O. 12958: N/A

TAGS: ASEC EAID OTRA BB

SUBJECT: COUNTRY CLEARANCE GRANTED TO MARCUS SINGLETON
TO TRAVEL TO BARBADOS

Ref: SECSTATE 028650

¶1. Embassy Bridgetown grants country clearance to Marcus Singleton to travel to Barbados on February 26, 2006 to conduct a physical security assessment for USAID.

¶2. Point of contact is Sean Hall at Tel.(246)228-8070 or Fax. (246) 228-8589.

¶3. Entry requirements: A valid U.S. passport is required to enter Barbados. No visa is required if your stay is under six months, including those travelers arriving with diplomatic or official passports. For further information, travelers may contact the Embassy of Barbados, 2144 Wyoming Avenue N.W., Washington, D.C. 20008, telephone 202) 939-9200.

¶4. Departure tax for Barbados BDS\$25.00 or USD\$15.00

¶5. The following is general information pertaining to security and health considerations throughout the Eastern Caribbean:

Security

In the Eastern Caribbean, foot travel outside of well-established tourist areas is not generally recommended, especially at night. Be vigilant when using public telephones or ATM machines near roadsides or quiet areas. As in many U.S. metropolitan areas, wearing expensive jewelry, carrying expensive objects, or carrying large amounts of cash should be avoided. Visitors should also safeguard valuables while at the beach. While hotels are generally safe, many visitors have experienced loss of unattended items. Hotel burglaries are not uncommon and all valuables should be locked in room safes if possible.

Health Information

Throughout the Eastern Caribbean, the most likely threat to a visitor's health is sunburn. It takes several weeks to become accustomed to the heat and humidity. Prolonged exposure to the sun, without protection, causes sunburn and may ultimately result in sun-damaged skin or even skin cancer. Sunscreens should be used for protection. In Barbados, St. Lucia, and St. Vincent the major health threat is dengue fever, transmitted by mosquito. Dengue cases are most often seen in the summer months. Persons should therefore protect themselves with insect repellent. There is also a growing number of HIV/AIDS cases

reported. The Eastern Caribbean enjoys clean and safe drinking water. Only routine boosters for immunizations (i.e. tetanus, diphtheria, and oral polio vaccine) are required when traveling to this region. Barbados has the best medical facilities of all the islands in the region and most of the medical specialties have practitioners here.

KRAMER